

31 October 2005

**TENTATIVE FORECAST OF THE PROGRAMME OF WORK OF THE
SECURITY COUNCIL FOR THE MONTH OF NOVEMBER 2005**

For information only/not an official document

This tentative forecast of the programme of work of the Security Council has been prepared by the Secretariat for the President of the Council. The forecast covers in particular those matters that may be taken up during the month pursuant to earlier decisions of the Council. The fact that a matter is or is not included in the forecast carries no implication that it will or will not be taken up during the month: the actual programme of work will be determined by developments and the views of members of the Council.

31 October 2005

**FORECAST OF THE PROGRAMME OF WORK OF THE
SECURITY COUNCIL FOR THE MONTH OF NOVEMBER 2005**

AFRICA

Burundi

ONUB

By paragraph 3 of its resolution 1602 (2005) of 31 May 2005, the Security Council stated that it looked forward to the Secretary-General's recommendations by 15 November 2005 on the role of the United Nations in supporting Burundi.

The report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued by 15 November 2005.

By paragraph 1 of its resolution 1602 (2005), the Security Council decided to extend the mandate of the United Nations Operation in Burundi (ONUB) until 1 December 2005.

The ONUB mandate will expire on 1 December 2005.

A meeting of the Council members, troop-contributing countries and the Secretariat will be held prior to the consideration of the mandate of ONUB.

Central African Republic

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council on 22 July 2005 (S/PRST/2005/35), the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to explore in close consultation with the authorities of the Central African Republic and the country's development partners the possibility of setting up a follow-up committee or enlarging the Committee of Foreign Partners to Follow Up on the Electoral Process in order to support the reconstruction efforts initiated by the Central Africans, and invited the Secretary-General to report to the Council on his consultations through his Representative in the Central African Republic no later than 31 October 2005.

The report of the Secretary-General dated 27 October 2005 (S/2005/679) is before the Security Council.

Congo

The Security Council will continue to monitor the situation in the Republic of the Congo.

Côte d'IvoireGroup of Experts

By paragraph 2 of its resolution 1632 (2005) of 18 October 2005, the Security Council requested the Group of Experts to submit a brief written update to the Security Council, through the Committee established pursuant to resolution 1572 (2004), before 1 December 2005.

The Group of Experts' written update is expected to be submitted before 1 December 2005.

Democratic Republic of the CongoSanctions

By paragraph 5 of its resolution 1616 (2005) of 29 July 2005, the Security Council requested the Group of Experts to update the Committee established pursuant to resolution 1533 (2004) on its work by 10 November 2005.

Ntulu-Mamba

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council on 13 July 2005 (S/PRST/2005/31), the Security Council requested the Special Representative of the Secretary-General for the Democratic Republic of the Congo to establish the facts concerning the massacre which occurred in Ntulu-Mamba on 9 July 2005 and report to the Council as quickly as possible.

The situation in Guinea following recent attacks along its borders with Liberia and Sierra Leone

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council on 21 December 2000 (S/PRST/2000/41), the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to consider what support the international community, and in particular the United Nations, might provide to the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS) in order to ensure security on the border that Guinea shared with Liberia and Sierra Leone, and to report in that connection to the Council as soon as possible.

Somalia

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council on 14 July 2004 (S/PRST/2004/24), the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to keep the Council regularly informed on developments at the Somali National Reconciliation Conference and to make timely recommendations on what additional measures could be taken by the Council in support of the Conference and its outcome.

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council on 26 October 2004 (S/PRST/2004/38), the Security Council stated that it looked forward to the Secretary-General's recommendations with regard to any enhanced role for the United Nations in Somalia.

The report of the Secretary-General dated 11 October 2005 (S/2005/642) is before the Security Council.

The SudanDarfur

By paragraph 12 of its resolution 1590 (2005) of 24 March 2005, the Security Council requested that the Secretary-General continue to report on a monthly basis on the situation in Darfur.

The next monthly report of the Secretary-General is expected to be issued by mid-November 2005.

Sanctions

By paragraph 3(a)(iv) of its resolution 1591 (2005) of 29 March 2005, the Security Council decided that the Committee established pursuant to the resolution shall report at least every 90 days to the Council on its work.

The Chairman of the 1591 Committee is expected to brief the Security Council during November 2005.

ASIA

Afghanistan

By paragraph 13 of its resolution 1589 (2005) of 24 March 2005, the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to report to the Council in a timely manner on developments in Afghanistan after the parliamentary elections.

The parliamentary elections were held on 18 September 2005. Certified results for the lower house and the provincial elections are expected in mid-November, subject to the complaints procedure. Certified results for the upper house are not expected until end November/early December 2005.

The situation in the Middle East, including the Palestinian question

By paragraph 7 of resolution 1322 (2000) of 7 October 2000, the Security Council invited the Secretary-General to continue to follow the situation and to keep the Council informed.

EUROPE**Bosnia and Herzegovina**Peace Agreement

By paragraph 6 of its resolution 1575 (2004) of 22 November 2004, the Security Council reaffirmed its intention to keep implementation of the Peace Agreement and the situation in Bosnia and Herzegovina under close review and its readiness to consider the imposition of measures if any party failed significantly to meet its obligations under the Peace Agreement.

By paragraph 21 of its resolution 1575 (2004), the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to continue to submit to the Council reports from the High Representative, in accordance with Annex 10 of the Peace Agreement and the conclusions of the Peace Implementation Conference held in London on 4 and 5 December 1996 (S/1996/1012), and later Peace Implementation Conferences, on the implementation of the Peace Agreement and in particular on compliance by the parties with their commitments under that Agreement.

The report of the High Representative is expected to be issued in early November 2005.

EUFOR

By paragraph 10 of its resolution 1575 (2004) of 22 November 2004, the Security Council authorized Member States acting through or in cooperation with the European Union to establish for an initial planned period of 12 months a multinational stabilization force (EUFOR).

The authorization to EUFOR will expire on 1 December 2005.

Violations of international humanitarian law in the areas of Srebrenica, Zepa, Banja Luka and Sanski Most

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council on 10 October 1996 (S/PRST/1996/41), the Security Council, having considered, in the light of its resolution 1034 (1995) of 21 December 1995, the situation with regard to the investigation of violations of international humanitarian law in the areas of Srebrenica, Zepa, Banja Luka and Sanski Most as well as in the areas of Glamoc, Ozren and elsewhere throughout the territory of Bosnia and Herzegovina, stated that it would continue to follow the issue closely and requested the Secretary-General to keep it regularly informed on progress reached in the investigation of the violations of international humanitarian law referred to in the report of the Secretary-General of 27 November 1995 (S/1995/988).

The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia

In a statement made by the President of the Security Council on 7 March 2001 (S/PRST/2001/7), the Security Council requested to be briefed regularly on the efforts undertaken by the international security presence (KFOR), the Government of The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and all relevant international organizations.

Other

Note verbale dated 24 December 2003 from the Permanent Representative of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations to the President of the Security Council

A draft resolution (S/2003/1208) submitted by the Syrian Arab Republic is before the Council.

International Court of Justice

The election of five members of the International Court of Justice will be held concurrently in the General Assembly and in the Security Council on 7 November 2005.

The composition of the Court and the voting procedure to be followed in the General Assembly and in the Security Council are set out in a memorandum by the Secretary-General (S/2005/446). By a Note dated 3 September 2005 (S/2005/447 and Corr.1), the Secretary-General transmitted the list of the eight candidates for nomination to the Court. The curriculum vitae of the candidates are contained in document S/2005/448 and Corr.1.

Protection of civilians in armed conflict

In a statement by the President on 14 December 2004 (S/PRST/2004/46), the Security Council requested the Secretary-General to submit his next report by 28 November 2005.

Security Council mission to Central Africa

The Security Council is scheduled to undertake a mission to Central Africa from 4 to 10 November 2005 (S/2005/682). The head of the mission is expected to report orally to the Security Council after the return of the mission, and to submit a written report for consideration by the Council thereafter.

Annual Report of the Security Council

The General Assembly has scheduled its consideration of the Annual Report of the Security Council for 10 November 2005.

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SCHEDULE OF FORTHCOMING REVIEWS OR RENEWALS OF MANDATES

<u>Subject</u>	<u>Date of Review/ Expiry of Mandate/ Review of Status</u>	<u>Council decision providing for current mandate</u>
ONUB	1 Dec. 2005	1602 (2005) of 31 May 2005
UNFICYP	15 Dec. 2005	1604 (2005) of 15 June 2005
UNDOF	31 Dec. 2005	1605 (2005) of 17 June 2005
UNAMSIL	31 Dec. 2005	1610 (2005) of 30 June 2005
UNOCI	24 Jan. 2006	1609 (2005) of 24 June 2005
UNIFIL	31 Jan. 2006	1614 (2005) of 29 July 2005
UNOMIG	31 Jan. 2006	1615 (2005) of 29 July 2005
MINUSTAH	15 Feb. 2006	1608 (2005) of 22 June 2005
UNMEE	15 Mar. 2006	1622 (2005) of 13 Sept. 2005
UNAMA	24 Mar. 2006	1589 (2005) of 24 Mar. 2005
UNMIS	24 Mar. 2006	1627 (2005) of 23 Sept. 2005
UNMIL	31 Mar. 2006	1626 (2005) of 19 Sept. 2005
MINURSO	30 Apr. 2006	1634 (2005) of 28 Oct. 2005
MONUC	30 Sept. 2006	1635 (2005) of 28 Oct. 2005

**FORTHCOMING REPORTS BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL
AS REQUESTED BY THE SECURITY COUNCIL
(December 2005)**

Item	Due date	Request contained in resolution or Presidential statement or letter from the President of the Security Council	Formulation of the request in the resolution or Presidential statement or letter from the President of the Security Council
Iraq and Kuwait (UNMOVIC)	By 1 December 2005	Resolution 1284 (1999) of 17 December 1999	"Requests the Executive Chairman of UNMOVIC to report, through the Secretary-General, to the Council . . . every three months on the work of UNMOVIC" (para. 12).
Iraq and Kuwait (UNAMI)	By 8 December 2005	Resolution 1546 (2004) of 8 June 2004	"Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council within three months from the date of this resolution on UNAMI operations in Iraq, and on a quarterly basis thereafter on the progress made towards national elections and fulfillment of all UNAMI's responsibilities" (para. 30).
Ethiopia and Eritrea (UNMEE)	By 13 December 2005	Resolution 1622 (2005) of 13 September 2005	"Requests the Secretary-General to continue to monitor the situation closely, to review the mission's mandate in the light of progress made in the peace process and changes made to UNMEE" (para. 14).

The Sudan (Darfur)	By 16 December 2005	Resolution 1590 (2005) of 24 March 2005	"Requests that the Secretary-General continue to report on a monthly basis on the situation in Darfur" (para. 12).
Iraq and Kuwait (High-level Coordinator)	By 17 December 2005	Resolution 1284 (1999) of 17 December 1999	"Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council every four months on compliance by Iraq with its obligations regarding the repatriation or return of all Kuwaiti and third country nationals or their remains [and] to report every six months on the return of all Kuwaiti property, including archives, seized by Iraq" (para. 14).
Liberia (UNMIL)	By 19 December 2005	Resolution 1626 (2005) of 19 September 2005	"Requests the Secretary-General to continue to keep the Council regularly informed on UNMIL's progress with the implementation of its mandate" (para. 14).
The Sudan (UNMIS)	By 23 December 2005	Resolution 1627 (2005) of 23 September 2005	"Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council every three months on the implementation of the mandate of UNMIS, including its work to reinforce the efforts of the African Union Mission in the Sudan to foster peace in Darfur" (para. 2).
Timor-Leste (UNOTIL)	By 28 December 2005	Resolution 1599 (2005) of 28 April 2005	"requests the Secretary-General . . . to submit a report within four months of the date of the adoption of the present resolution and every four months thereafter, with recommendations for any modifications [that progress in the situation] might allow to size, composition, mandate and duration of the UNOTIL presence" (para. 10).

Central African Republic (BONUCA)	30 December 2005	S/PRST/2001/25 of 26 September 2001	"requests the Secretary-General to continue to kept it regularly informed of the activities of BONUCA and the situation in the Central African Republic, particularly in the areas of political dialogue, national reconciliation and respect for human rights" (last para.).
Guinea-Bissau (UNOGBIS)	By 31 December 2005	Resolution 1233 (1999) of 6 April 1999	"Requests the Secretary-General to keep the Security Council regularly informed and to submit a report to it by 30 June 1999 and every 90 days thereafter on developments in Guinea-Bissau, the activities of UNOGBIS and the implementation of the Abuja Agreement" (para. 14).